

From: [Killeen, Deborah A.](#)
To: [Greenberg, Marc](#)
Subject: FW: TCEQ AMCVs
Date: Monday, March 18, 2019 2:30:21 PM

FYI. These are the action levels we will use minus the chlorinated compounds.

From: Mickunas, Dave <Mickunas.Dave@epa.gov>
Sent: Monday, March 18, 2019 2:23 PM
To: Killeen, Deborah A. [US-US] <Deborah.A.Killeen@leidos.com>
Subject: EXTERNAL: FW: TCEQ AMCVs

We used the Short-term AMCV Health numbers.

From: Rauscher, Jon
Sent: Tuesday, August 07, 2018 6:18 PM
To: Mickunas, Dave <Mickunas.Dave@epa.gov>
Subject: TCEQ AMCVs

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Air Monitoring Comparison Values (AMCVs):
<https://www.tceq.texas.gov/toxicology/amcv>

Substance	CAS #	TAGA detection limit (ppbv)	Short-term AMCV Health (ppbv)	Short-term AMCV Health (µg/m3)
1,1,1-trichloroethane	71-55-6	1	1700	9500
1,1-dichloroethane	75-34-3	1	1000	4000
1,1-dichloroethylene	75-35-4	1	180	710
benzene	71-43-2	1	180	580
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1	20000	86000
m/p-xylene	179601- 23-1	1	1700	7400
methyl tert-butyl ether	1634-04-4	1	500	1800
o-xylene	95-47-6	1	1700	7400
tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	1	1000	6800
toluene	108-88-3	1	4000	15000
trichloroethylene	79-01-6	1	100	540

What's an AMCV?

AMCV is a collective term used to describe chemical-specific air concentrations used to evaluate air monitoring data that are set to protect human health and welfare. Short-term AMCVs are based on data concerning acute health effects. AMCVs may contain health-based Reference Values (ReVs) and health- and welfare-based ESL values.

AMCVs are screening levels used in TCEQ's evaluation of ambient air monitoring data to assess the potential for measured concentrations of specific chemicals to cause health or welfare effects. Health-based AMCVs are levels at which exposure is unlikely to result in adverse health effects.